created via: HPDC Online Builder

**HPD UNIQUE IDENTIFIER: 26963** 

CLASSIFICATION: 12 51 83 Custom Office Furniture

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: Cape makes the most out of your space. This wall-mounted solution allows you to maximize collaboration in smaller areas. Gather round for a quick meeting, brainstorm, or a video conference. Whether or not you add your own tech, Cape allows for simple, customizable power. Pick a shape that matches your style. This HPD includes the Pair product lines for conferencing: Cape, BYOT & BYOT Trapezoid, Beluga & Baby Beluga, Serif and Sevens. These table collections supporting small meetings, communal spaces, and conferencing. Seamless power integration with options supporting AV and data. The collection offers a comprehensive offering of surface materials, shapes, and sizes along with a variety of base styles including seated and bar height.



## Section 1: Summary

#### **Nested Method / Product Threshold**

#### **CONTENT INVENTORY**

**Inventory Reporting Format** 

- Nested Materials Method
- C Basic Method

**Threshold Disclosed Per** 

- Material
- Product

**Threshold Level** 

⊙ 100 ppm C 1,000 ppm

- C Per GHS SDS
- Other

Residuals/Impurities

Considered in 17 of 17 Materials

Explanation(s) provided for Residuals/Impurities?

Yes ○ No

All Substances Above the Threshold Indicated Are: Yes Ex/SC 
 Yes 
 No Characterized

% weight and role provided for all substances except SC

substances characterized according to SC guidance. ⊙ Yes Ex/SC ○ Yes ○ No Screened

All substances screened using Priority Hazard Lists with results disclosed except SC substances screened according to SC guidance.

Identified

○ Yes Ex/SC ○ Yes ⊙ No

One or more substances not disclosed by Name (Specific or Generic) and Identifier and/ or one or more Special Condition did not follow guidance.

#### **CONTENT IN DESCENDING ORDER OF QUANTITY**

Summary of product contents and results from screening individual chemical substances against HPD Priority Hazard Lists and the GreenScreen for Safer Chemicals®. The HPD does not assess whether using or handling this product will expose individuals to its chemical substances or any health risk. Refer to Section 2 for further details.

MATERIAL | SUBSTANCE | RESIDUAL OR IMPURITY

**GREENSCREEN SCORE | HAZARD TYPE** 

SC:BIO:PARTICLEBOARDFORFURNITURECONSTRUCTION [ SC:WOOD DUST Not Screened ] SC:BIO:MDF [ SC:WOOD DUST Not Screened | FLOAT GLASS TOP | SILICON DIOXIDE BM-1 | CAN CALCIUM OXIDE (PRIMARY CASRN IS 1305-78-8) LT-P1 SODIUM OXIDE LT-UNK MAGNESIUM OXIDE LT-UNK | CAN ALUMINUM OXIDE BM-2 | RES ] SC:BIO:PARTICLEBOARD2 [ SC:WOOD DUST Not Screened POLYVINYL ACETATE LT-UNK 4,4'-DIPHENYLMETHANE DIISOCYANATE LT-UNK | CAN | MUL | RES | SKI | EYE ] METAL LEGS [ IRON, ELEMENTAL (PRIMARY CASRN IS 7439-89-6) LT-P1 | END MANGANESE LT-P1 | END | MUL | REP COPPER LT-P1 | AQU SILICON, ELEMENTAL LT-UNK MANGANESE LT-P1 | END | MUL | REP SULFUR, PRECIPITATED LT-UNK | SKI PHOSPHORUS BM-2 | MAM | PHY CARBON LT-UNK ] SHEET METAL [ IRON, ELEMENTAL LT-P1 | END COPPER LT-P1 | AQU MANGANESE LT-P1 | END | MUL | REP SILICON, ELEMENTAL LT-UNK CALCIUM LT-P1 | PHY IRON ALLOY, BASE, FE,P (FERROPHOSPHORUS) NoGS CARBON LT-UNK ] UNDISCLOSED [ WOOD DUST - UNSPECIFIED NoGS UNDISCLOSED NoGS UNDISCLOSED LT-P1 | RES UNDISCLOSED LT-UNK CELLULOSE, MICROCRYSTALLINE LT-UNK | RES ] SC:BIO:WOODVENEER [ SC:DOMESTIC WOOD VENEER Not Screened ] LAMINATE [ SC:KRAFT PAPER Not Screened PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE RESIN LT-P1 | RES **CELLULOSE, MICROCRYSTALLINE LT-UNK | RES** MELAMINE/FORMALDEHYDE RESIN LT-UNK POLYNOXYLIN LT-P1 | RES HEXANEDIOIC ACID, POLYMER WITH N-(2-AMINOETHYL)-1,2Number of Greenscreen BM-4/BM3 contents ... 2

Contents highest concern GreenScreen Benchmark or List translator Score ... BM-1

Nanomaterial ... No

#### **INVENTORY AND SCREENING NOTES:**

Special conditions applied: BiologicalMaterial

[LEED v4] "Yes ex/SC" result is due only to materials and substances for which Special Conditions were applied. Thus "Yes ex/SC" does not disqualify the product for the LEED v4 Materials and Resources Disclosure and Optimization credit, Option 1.

Our Conferencing solutions come in a wide range of options. To cover that full range we have created a low and high option and all configurations are included in that range. The product category is defined as Conferencing including Cape, BYOT & BYOT Trapezoid, Beluga & Baby Beluga, Serif and Sevens. This HPD covers all products in those lines. The "low" option is 36" Seven Round Table with Wood Top and Metal Legs. . For the "high" option we used 240"W x 72"D BYOT Fin Table, w/ Glass Top, Wood Subtop and Metal Legs.

All other configurations are within this range.

Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1

"The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the

This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no

ETHANEDIAMINE, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH DIMETHYLAMINE AND EPICHLOROHYDRIN LT-UNK ] SC:BIO:PLYWOOD [ SC:WOOD Not Screened | WOOD ADHESIVE 1 | POLYVINYL ACETATE LT-UNK WATER BM-4 TALC BM-1 | CAN 2,2,4-TRIMETHYL-1,3-PENTANEDIOL DIISOBUTYRATE LT-P1 | END DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER LT-UNK POLYVINYL ALCOHOL LT-UNK ALUMINUM CHLORIDE LT-P1 | SKI | RES ] WOOD ADHESIVE 2 [ WATER (PRIMARY CASRN IS 7732-18-5) BM-4 POLYCHLOROPRENE LT-UNK ZINC OXIDE BM-1 | AQU | END | RES | MUL RESIN ACIDS AND ROSIN ACIDS, FUMARATED, CALCIUM SALTS LT-P1 | MUL ] MISC. HARDWARE [ IRON, ELEMENTAL LT-P1 | END ] GLASS TINT [ COBALT LT-1 | CAN | REP | MUL | RES | GEN | SKI NICKEL LT-1 | CAN | RES | MAM | MUL | SKI SELENIUM, ELEMENTAL LT-P1 | CAN | PBT | MAM | MUL ] UV CURED WOOD FINISH [ BISPHENOL A-**EPICHLOROHYDRIN ACRYLATE BM-1 DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL** DIACRYLATE LT-UNK TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE LT-P1 | SKI | EYE | AQU | MUL *EPICHLOROHYDRIN* LT-1 | CAN | END | SKI | MUL | MAM | REP | GEN BISPHENOL A BM-1 | END | MUL | REP | DEV | SKI | EYE BISPHENOL A BM-1 | END | MUL | REP | DEV | SKI | EYE DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL (PRIMARY CASRN IS 25265-71-8) LT-UNK HYDROCHLORIC ACID BM-2 | SKI | MAM | RES SILICON DIOXIDE BM-1 | CAN ] POWDER COAT FINISH FOR METAL LEGS [ 1,3-BENZENEDICARBOXYLIC ACID, POLYMER WITH 1.4-BENZENEDICARBOXYLIC ACID, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3-PROPANEDIOL, 1,2-ETHANEDIOL AND HEXANEDIOIC ACID NoGS TITANIUM DIOXIDE LT-1 | CAN | END PYROMELLITIC ACID 2-PHENYL-2-IMIDAZOLINE SALT (1:1) LT-P1 | MUL TRIGLYCIDYL ISOCYANURATE LT-1 | MUL | MAM | RES | SKI | GEN | EYE BARIUM SULFATE BM-2 | CAN ALUMINUM OXIDE BM-2 | RES QUARTZ LT-1 | CAN ALUMINUM HYDROXIDE, DRIED BM-2 KAOLIN LT-UNK | CAN ] ADHESIVE 3 [ SILICON, ELEMENTAL LT-UNK OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE BM-1 | END | MUL | PBT | REP **METHYLSILANETRIOL TRIACETATE LT-UNK ]** 

actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material.

The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

SPECIAL CONDITION: Minor Fasteners

Version: SCMinorFasteners/2020-07-16

All hardware for this system not reported is in alignment with HPDC Special Conditions- Minor Fasteners. The total weight of all metal fasteners is <5% of the total weight of the system. Any fasteners reported above that threshold are listed on the HPD. The total combined weight of the commodity fasteners is between 1% and 2%. All minor fasteners fit within the specific guidelines as outlined in the HPD Guide for Special Conditions They are purchased from a third party, made to a generic specification, e.g. ASTM, and not made to order for the specific manufacturer.

SPECIAL CONDITION: Electronics

Version: SCElec/2018-02-23

Electronics are also covered by a special condition and reported as such. All electrical components are EU RoHS compliant without exemptions. Electronics comprising 10% or less of the product by weight are included in this Special Condition; if electronics comprise greater than 10% of the product by weight, they must be inventoried separately. The electronic components must be fully enclosed and sealed, there can be no possible exposure to the components during the use phase, and there must be a guaranteed take-back program. All electrical components covered by this HPD are <3% by weight.

Disclaimer - Every effort has been made to report the substances in this product by the manufacturer to the listed threshold. This is a voluntary, self-reported effort. Any errors or omissions shall be considered human error and therefore reported to the manufacturer. The manufacturer shall not be liable for omissions.

## **VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND (VOC) CONTENT**

VOC Content data is not applicable for this product category.

**CERTIFICATIONS AND COMPLIANCE** See Section 3 for additional listings.

VOC emissions: SCS Indoor Advantage Gold - Classroom & Office scenario

## CONSISTENCY WITH OTHER PROGRAMS

Pre-checked for LEED v4 Material Ingredients Option 1

Third Party Verified?

C Yes

No

PREPARER: Self-Prepared

VERIFIER:

VERIFICATION #:

SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08

PUBLISHED DATE: 2021-12-29 EXPIRY DATE: 2024-07-08

# Section 2: Content in Descending Order of Quantity

This section lists contents in a product based on specific threshold(s) and reports detailed health information including hazards. This HPD uses the inventory method indicated above, which is one of three possible methods:

- Basic Inventory method with Product-level threshold.
- Nested Material Inventory method with Product-level threshold
- Nested Material Inventory method with individual Material-level thresholds

Definitions and requirements for the three inventory methods and requirements for each data field can be found in the HPD Open Standard version 2.2, available on the HPDC website at: www.hpd-collaborative.org/hpd-2-2-standard

#### SC:BIO:PARTICLEBOARDFORFURNITURECONSTRUCTION %: 43.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES MATERIAL TYPE: Wood Dust, Fiber CONSIDERED: Yes or Chips

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: SpecialConditionApplied:BiologicalMaterial --- This particleboard is the primary core board for the furniture composition. The company only disclosed that the wood dust was 50-100% of the core's chemical composition. The cut sheet for the product lists that it uses NAF adhesive. NAF-based resins are resins formulated with no added formaldehyde as part of the resin cross-linking structure and include resins made from soy, polyvinyl acetate, or methylene diisocyanate. Resins in particleboard can be 0-40% by composition

SC:WOOD DUST ID: SC:Bio

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: Not Screened

%: 50.0000 - 100.0000 GS: Not Screened RC: Both NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler

HAZARD TYPE AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS

Hazard Screening not performed

## SUBSTANCE NOTES:

Version: SCBioMats/2018-02-23 Category: Tree-based materials

Identifier: unknown

This disclosure does not provide information on allergens, hyper-accumulation of metals, production of any toxic substances during normal metabolic activities, pesticides, and other potential hazards or sources of hazards which may be found in certain biological materials. The company only disclosed that the wood dust was 50-100% of the core's chemical composition. The cut sheet for the product lists that it uses NAF adhesive. NAF-based resins are resins formulated with no added formaldehyde as part of the resin cross-linking structure and include resins made from soy, polyvinyl acetate, or methylene diisocyanate. Resins in particleboard can be 0-40% by composition so the substances will be screened and adjusted accordingly. In addition, this product is FSC certified and CARB certified. It is 90% recycled content- 82% post-industrial and 8 % post-consumer.

SC:BIO:MDF %: 35.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes MATERIAL TYPE: Wood Dust, Fiber or Chips

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: SpecialConditionApplied:BiologicalMaterial --- The manufacturer is unwilling to disclose the resin used in the manufacturing of this product. The SDS states it is NAF (no added formaldehyde) and it does not contain any hazardous substances. Information beyond that is not attainable.

| SC:WOOD DUST     |   |           |               | ID: SC:Bio             |
|------------------|---|-----------|---------------|------------------------|
| HAZARD SCREENING | METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SC | REENING DATE: | Not Screened           |
| %: 80.0000       | GS: Not Screened                              | RC: UNK   | NANO: No      | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler |
| HAZARD TYPE      | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                        | WARN      | NINGS         |                        |
|                  | Hazard Screening not performed                |           |               |                        |

#### SUBSTANCE NOTES:

Version: SCBioMats/2018-02-23 Category: Tree-based materials Identifier: wood dust- mixed sources

This disclosure does not provide information on allergens, hyper-accumulation of metals, production of any toxic substances during normal metabolic activities, pesticides, and other potential hazards or sources of hazards which may be found in certain biological materials. Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1

"The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD."

This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material.

The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

#### **FLOAT GLASS TOP** %: 25.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes

GS: BM-1

MATERIAL TYPE: Glass

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are per the Pharos database. The following are below the threshold: Pb, Cr, As, Sb, V, and Cd may rarely be present in NSG Group float glass as trace level contaminants. Pb, Cr, As, Sb, V, and Cd are never present at greater than 20ppm. Se is never present at more than 50ppm. Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: The manufacturer released information stating this was soda-lime glass. The chemical composition of soda-lime glass was taken from the database of common building materials.

**SILICON DIOXIDE** ID: 7631-86-9 HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:38

RC: UNK

NANO: No

%: 70.0000

SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS                               |
|-------------|------------------------|--|
| CAN         | GHS - Australia        | H350i - May cause cancer by inhalation |
| CAN         | GHS - Japan            | Carcinogenicity - Category 1A [H350]   |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD."

This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material.

The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

#### **CALCIUM OXIDE (PRIMARY CASRN IS 1305-78-8)**

ID: 60873-85-0

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library |                        | HAZARD SC | REENING DATE:   | 2021-07-08 19:56:47               |  |
|--|------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| %: 5.0000  | GS: <b>LT-P1</b>       | RC: UNK   | NANO: <b>No</b> | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler            |  |
| HAZARD TYPE  | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARN      | NINGS           |                                   |  |
| None found   |                        |           | No warnings f   | ound on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |  |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD."

This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material.

The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

SODIUM OXIDE ID: 1313-59-3

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD | : Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SCI | REENING DATE: | 2021-07-08 19:56:48               |
|-------------------------|---|------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| %: 5.0000               | GS: LT-UNK                              | RC: UNK    | NANO: No      | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler            |
| HAZARD TYPE             | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                  | WARN       | INGS          |                                   |
| None found              |   |            | No warnings f | ound on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the

This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material.

The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

MAGNESIUM OXIDE ID: 1309-48-4

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SCF   | REENING DATE:   | 2021-07-08 19:56:50    |  |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------|------------------------|--|
| %: 2.0000                | GS: LT-UNK                            | RC: UNK  | NANO: <b>No</b> | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler |  |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WARN   | INGS            |                        |  |
| CAN                      | MAK                                   | Carcinogen Group 4 - Non-genotoxic carcinogen with low risk under MAK/BAT levels |                 |                        |  |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD."

This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material.

The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

ALUMINUM OXIDE ID: 1344-28-1

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:52

%: 1.0000 GS: BM-2 RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler

HAZARD TYPE AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS

RES AOEC - Asthmagens Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD."

This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material.

The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

#### SC:BIO:PARTICLEBOARD2 %: 18.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes MATERIAL TYPE: Wood Dust, Fiber or Chips

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: SpecialConditionApplied:BiologicalMaterial --- This table line can use two different particleboards based on different options. This particleboard is not used for door construction but is the primary core board for the furniture composition. The company only disclosed that the wood dust was 50-100% of the core's chemical composition. The cut sheet for the product lists that it uses NAF adhesive. NAF-based resins are resins formulated with no added formaldehyde as part of the resin cross-linking structure and include resins made from soy, polyvinyl acetate, or methylene diisocyanate. Resins in particleboard can be 0-40% by composition so the substances will be screened and adjusted accordingly. In addition, this product is FSC certified and CARB certified.

SC:WOOD DUST ID: SC:Bio

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: Not Screened

%: 50.0000 - 100.0000

GS: Not Screened RC: Both NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler

HAZARD TYPE AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS

Hazard Screening not performed

SUBSTANCE NOTES:

**POLYVINYL ACETATE** 

Version: SCBioMats/2018-02-23 Category: Tree-based materials Identifier: mixed- unknown sources

This disclosure does not provide information on allergens, hyper-accumulation of metals, production of any toxic substances during normal metabolic activities, pesticides, and other potential hazards or sources of hazards which may be found in certain biological materials. The company only disclosed that the wood dust was 50-100% of the core's chemical composition. The cut sheet for the product lists that it uses NAF adhesive. NAF-based resins are resins formulated with no added formaldehyde as part of the resin cross-linking structure and include resins made from soy, polyvinyl acetate, or methylene diisocyanate. Resins in particleboard can be 0-40% by composition so the substances will be screened and adjusted accordingly. In addition, this product is FSC certified and CARB certified.

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:40
%: 40.0000 GS: LT-UNK RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Binder
HAZARD TYPE AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS
None found No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: The company only disclosed that the wood dust was 50-100% of the core's chemical composition. The cut sheet for the product lists that it uses NAF adhesive. NAF-based resins are resins formulated with no added formaldehyde as part of the resin cross-linking structure and include resins made from soy, polyvinyl acetate, or methylene diisocyanate. Resins in particleboard can be 0-40% by composition so the substances will be screened and adjusted accordingly. In addition, this product is FSC certified and CARB certified.

# 4,4'-DIPHENYLMETHANE DIISOCYANATE ID: 101-68-8 HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:39 %: 40.0000 GS: LT-UNK RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Binder

ID: 9003-20-7

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES             | WARNINGS   |
|-------------|------------------------------------|--|
| CAN         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)            | H351 - Suspected of causing cancer   |
| MUL         | US EPA - PPT Chemical Action Plans | EPA Chemical of Concern - Action Plan published                                  |
| RES         | AOEC - Asthmagens                  | Asthmagen (G) - generally accepted   |
| CAN         | MAK                                | Carcinogen Group 4 - Non-genotoxic carcinogen with low risk under MAK/BAT levels |
| SKI         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)            | H315 - Causes skin irritation  |
| EYE         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)            | H319 - Causes serious eye irritation   |
| RES         | MAK                                | Sensitizing Substance Sah - Danger of airway & skin sensitization                |
| RES         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)            | H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled |
| SKI         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)            | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction                                       |
| RES         | US EPA - PPT Chemical Action Plans | Inhalation sensitizer causing asthma and lung damage                             |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: The company only disclosed that the wood dust was 50-100% of the core's chemical composition. The cut sheet for the product lists that it uses NAF adhesive. NAF-based resins are resins formulated with no added formaldehyde as part of the resin cross-linking structure and include resins made from soy, polyvinyl acetate, or methylene diisocyanate. Resins in particleboard can be 0-40% by composition so the substances will be screened and adjusted accordingly. In addition, this product is FSC certified and CARB certified.

METAL LEGS %: 8.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes

MATERIAL TYPE: Metal

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: This includes the 16 gauge metal tubing and mounting plate for options with tube legs. These come from two different manufacturers therefore there is a range of composition. Both are essentially sheet metal (carbon steel). Includes all options for legs including the sled base.

## **IRON, ELEMENTAL (PRIMARY CASRN IS 7439-89-6)**

ID: 443783-52-6

| END                      | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Pote   | ential Endocrine | e Disruptor                   |  |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WAF  | RNINGS           |                               |  |
| %: 97.0000 - 100.0000    | GS: <b>LT-P1</b>                      | RC: UNK                                      | NANO: No         | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |  |
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | y HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:36 |                  |                               |  |

MANGANESE ID: 7439-96-5

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library    | HAZA  | RD SC | CREENING DA     | TE: 2021-07-08 19:56:51       |
|--------------------------|--|-------|-------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| %: 1.1000 - 1.6500       | GS: LT-P1                                | RC: U | NK    | NANO: No        | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                   |       | WAR   | NINGS           |                               |
| END                      | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors    |       | Poter | ntial Endocrine | e Disruptor                   |
| MUL                      | German FEA - Substances Hazardous Waters | to    | Class | s 2 - Hazard to | Waters                        |
| REP                      | GHS - Japan                              |       | Toxic | to reproducti   | on - Category 1B [H360]       |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Aluminum is a common residual but is below the threshold."Production of manganese metal is achieved by aluminum reduction of low iron-content manganese ore, and electrolytically from sulfate or chloride solution (Lewis 2001)." (ATSDR)

Manganese with <0.1% metallic impurities can be produced electrolytically from a manganese sulfate solution (EPA 1984; Lewis 2001)." (ATSDR)

COPPER ID: 7440-50-8

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library |                         | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:53 |                  |                                      |
|--|-------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------------------------|
| %: 0.3500  | GS: LT-P1               | RC: UNK                                    | NANO: No         | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element        |
| HAZARD TYPE  | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES  | WAF  | RNINGS           |                                      |
| AQU  | EU - GHS (H-Statements) | H411                                       | I - Toxic to aqu | uatic life with long lasting effects |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: About 80% of the primary copper in the world comes from low-grade or poor sulfide ores, which are usually treated by pyrometallurgical methods, generally in the following sequence: (1) Beneficiation by froth flotation of ore to copper concentrate; (2) Optional partial roasting to obtain oxidized material or calcines; (3) two-stage pyrometallurgical extraction, (a) smelting concentrates to matte, (b) converting matte by oxidation to crude (converter or blister) copper; (4) Refining the crude copper, usually in two steps, (a) pyrometallurgically to fire-refined copper, (b) electrolytically to high-purity electrolytic copper.

[Gerhartz, W. (exec ed.). Ullmann's Encyclopedia of Industrial Chemistry. 5th ed.Vol A1: Deerfield Beach, FL: VCH Publishers, 1985 to Present., p. VA7 (86) 479]

SILICON, ELEMENTAL ID: 7440-21-3

| Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD S | CREENING D         | DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:58                                   |
|---------------------------------------|----------|--------------------|---|
| GS: LT-UNK                            | RC: UNK  | NANO: No           | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residual                           |
| AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WA       | RNINGS             |   |
|                                       |          | No warr            | nings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists                    |
|                                       |          | GS: LT-UNK RC: UNK | GS: LT-UNK RC: UNK NANO: No AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS |

SUBSTANCE NOTES:

MANGANESE ID: 7439-96-5

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library         | HAZARD  | SCREENING D     | DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:57         |
|--------------------------|---|---------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| %: Impurity/Residual     | GS: LT-P1                                     | RC: UNK | NANO: No        | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residual |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                        | W       | ARNINGS         |                                   |
| END                      | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors         | Po      | otential Endocr | ine Disruptor                     |
| MUL                      | German FEA - Substances Hazardous t<br>Waters | o CI    | ass 2 - Hazard  | to Waters                         |
| REP                      | GHS - Japan                                   | To      | oxic to reprodu | ction - Category 1B [H360]        |

SUBSTANCE NOTES:

SULFUR, PRECIPITATED ID: 7704-34-9

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:57

%: Impurity/Residual GS: LT-UNK RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residual

**HAZARD TYPE** AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS

SKI EU - GHS (H-Statements) H315 - Causes skin irritation

SUBSTANCE NOTES:

**PHOSPHORUS** ID: 7723-14-0

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:56

%: Impurity/Residual GS: BM-2 RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residual

**HAZARD TYPE** AGENCY AND LIST TITLES **WARNINGS** 

MAM US EPA - EPCRA Extremely Hazardous **Extremely Hazardous Substances** 

Substances

PHY EU - GHS (H-Statements) H228 - Flammable solid

SUBSTANCE NOTES:

**CARBON** ID: 7440-44-0

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:56

%: Impurity/Residual GS: LT-UNK RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residual

**HAZARD TYPE** AGENCY AND LIST TITLES **WARNINGS** 

No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists None found

SUBSTANCE NOTES:

**SHEET METAL** %: 2.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes MATERIAL TYPE: Metal

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES:

**IRON, ELEMENTAL** ID: 7439-89-6

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:37

| %: 95.0000 - 97.0000   | GS: LT-P1                             | RC: UNK | NANO: Unknown        | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |  |  |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------|----------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| HAZARD TYPE  | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | W       | ARNINGS              |                               |  |  |
| END  | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Po      | tential Endocrine Di | sruptor                       |  |  |
| SUBSTANCE NOTES: Information per the manufacturer SDS listing metal composition. |                                       |         |                      |                               |  |  |

| AZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:23              |
|--|
|  |
| C: UNK NANO: Unknown SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element     |
| WARNINGS   |
| H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects |
|  |

|   | MANGANESE                   |  |          |      |                     | ID: <b>74</b> 3         | 39-96-5 |
|---|-----------------------------|--|----------|------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------|
|   | HAZARD SCREENING METHOD:    | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library      | HAZAR    | D S  | CREENING DATE:      | 2021-07-08 19:56:29     |         |
|   | %: 0.0000 - 1.5000          | GS: LT-P1                                  | RC: UN   | K    | NANO: Unknown       | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy e | lement  |
|   | HAZARD TYPE                 | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                     |          | WA   | RNINGS              |                         |         |
|   | END                         | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors      |          | Pot  | ential Endocrine Di | sruptor                 |         |
|   | MUL                         | German FEA - Substances Hazardous Waters   | to       | Clas | ss 2 - Hazard to Wa | aters                   |         |
|   | REP                         | GHS - Japan                                |          | Тох  | cic to reproduction | - Category 1B [H360]    |         |
| ŀ | SUBSTANCE NOTES: This infor | mation is per the manufacturer SDS listing | the meta | l co | mposition           |                         |         |

| CREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:57:04             |
|--|
| 71111111111111111111111111111111111111         |
| NANO: Unknown SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element    |
| RNINGS   |
| No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |
|  |

| CALCIUM                     |                                       | ID: <b>7440-70-2</b>                                  |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD:    | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:57:04            |
| %: 0.0000 - 0.1000          | GS: <b>LT-P1</b>                      | RC: UNK NANO: Unknown SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element   |
| HAZARD TYPE                 | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WARNINGS  |
| PHY EU - GHS (H-Statements) |                                       | H261 - In contact with water releases flammable gases |
|                             |                                       |   |

#### IRON ALLOY, BASE, FE,P (FERROPHOSPHORUS)

ID: 8049-19-2

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:57:05

%: 0.0000 - 0.1500 GS: NoGS RC: UNK NANO: Unknown SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element

HAZARD TYPE AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS

None found No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This information is per the manufacturer SDS listing the metal composition

CARBON ID: 7440-44-0

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:57:06

%: 0.0000 - 0.6000 GS: LT-UNK RC: UNK NANO: Unknown SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element

HAZARD TYPE AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS

None found No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This information is per the manufacturer SDS listing the metal composition

UNDISCLOSED %: 1.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes MATERIAL TYPE: Polymeric Material

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: Formaldehyde resins are listed on the SDS by the manufacturer at 10-30%. Inquiry to the manufacturer did not list additional information as it is proprietary to the company. The product sheet states that there is no added urea-formaldehyde so additional options for formaldehyde resins will be listed as possible substances since the exact information is unknown. Types of formaldehyde resins include: melamine resin, phenol-formaldehyde resin, polyoxymethylene plastics, 1,4-butanediol, and methylene diphenyl diisocyanate.

## WOOD DUST - UNSPECIFIED

ID: Not registered

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:43

%: 25.0000 - 75.0000 GS: NoGS RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler

HAZARD TYPE AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS

None found No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES:

UNDISCLOSED ID: Undisclosed

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:45

%: 10.0000 - 30.0000 GS: NoGS RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Binder

HAZARD TYPE AGENCY AND LIST TITLES

None found No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists

**WARNINGS** 

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This substance is listed as a possible in the chemical composition. The manufacturer will not disclose the exact resin but simply states the family that it belongs to. All resins in the family are screened and listed as possible ingredients.

UNDISCLOSED ID: Undisclosed

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:45

%: 10.0000 - 30.0000 GS: LT-P1 RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Binder

HAZARD TYPE AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS

RES AOEC - Asthmagens Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a possible substance. Due to manufacturer proprietary information the exact composition is unknown. This is listed on the SDS as a possible resin.

UNDISCLOSED ID: Undisclosed

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:46

%: 10.0000 - 30.0000 GS: LT-UNK RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Binder

HAZARD TYPE AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS

None found No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This substance is listed as a possible in the chemical composition. The manufacturer will not disclose the exact resin but simply states the family that it belongs to. All resins in the family are screened and listed as possible ingredients.

CELLULOSE, MICROCRYSTALLINE

ID: 9004-34-6

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:46

%: 10.0000 - 20.0000 GS: LT-UNK RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler

HAZARD TYPE AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS

RES AOEC - Asthmagens Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced

SUBSTANCE NOTES:

SC:BIO:WOODVENEER %: 1.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes MATERIAL TYPE: Wood or Lumber

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: SpecialConditionApplied:BiologicalMaterial --- Pair uses a variety of domestic veneers for this collection. They also use laminate therefore this is an alternate material.

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: Not Screened

%: 100.0000 GS: Not Screened RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Structure component

HAZARD TYPE AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS

Hazard Screening not performed

SUBSTANCE NOTES:

Version: SCBioMats/2018-02-23 Category: Tree-based materials

Identifier: Domestic Veneer, various choices

This disclosure does not provide information on allergens, hyper-accumulation of metals, production of any toxic substances during normal metabolic activities, pesticides, and other potential hazards or sources of hazards which may be found in certain biological materials.

**LAMINATE** %: 1.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes

MATERIAL TYPE: Paper or Cardboard

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: Laminate is an alternate option to wood veneer in this collection. To fill in the gaps of the manufacturer data the Pharos common building material database was used.

SC:KRAFT PAPER

ID: SC:Bio

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: Not Screened

%: 50.0000 - 50.9700 GS: Not Screened RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler

AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS

Hazard Screening not performed

SUBSTANCE NOTES:

**HAZARD TYPE** 

Version: SCBioMats/2018-02-23 Category: Tree-based materials Identifier: Generic wood pulp

This disclosure does not provide information on allergens, hyper-accumulation of metals, production of any toxic substances during normal metabolic activities, pesticides, and other potential hazards or sources of hazards which may be found in certain biological materials.

| RES                      | AOEC - Asthmagens                     | Asthm      | itizer-induced  |                        |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WARNINGS   |                 |                        |
| %: 20.0000 - 23.9800     | GS: LT-P1                             | RC: UNK    | NANO: <b>No</b> | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Binder |
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SCI | REENING DATE:   | 2021-07-08 19:56:43    |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Information is based on the database of common building materials.

## CELLULOSE, MICROCRYSTALLINE

ID: 9004-34-6

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD:   | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SCF | 2021-07-08 19:56:48 |                        |  |  |
|--|---------------------------------------|------------|---------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| %: 3.6100 - 10.0500  | GS: LT-UNK                            | RC: UNK    | NANO: <b>No</b>     | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler |  |  |
| HAZARD TYPE  | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WARN       | INGS                |                        |  |  |
| RES AOEC - Asthmagens Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced                                |                                       |            |                     |                        |  |  |
| SUBSTANCE NOTES: This information is based on the database of common building materials. |                                       |            |                     |                        |  |  |

#### MELAMINE/FORMALDEHYDE RESIN

ID: 9003-08-1

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:55 |          |  |  |  |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|----------|--|--|--|
| %: 0.0100 - 0.3400       | GS: LT-UNK                            | RC: UNK                                    | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Polymer species        |  |  |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WAF  | RNINGS   |  |  |  |
| None found               |                                       |  | No warni | ngs found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |  |  |
|                          |                                       |  |          |  |  |  |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: The material laminate was supplemented with information from the database of common building materials.

| %: 0.0000 - 4.8900    | GS: LT-P1              | RC: UNK                             | NANO: <b>No</b> | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Monomer |  |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|--|
| HAZARD TYPE           | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WAR                                 | NINGS           |                         |  |
| RES AOEC - Asthmagens |                        | Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced |                 |                         |  |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Information for laminate was supplemented with information from the database of common building materials.

HEXANEDIOIC ACID, POLYMER WITH N-(2-AMINOETHYL)-1,2-ETHANEDIAMINE, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH DIMETHYLAMINE AND EPICHLOROHYDRIN ID: 68583-79-9

ID: 9011-05-6

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD   | : Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD S | CREENING DA | ATE: | 2021-07-08 19:57:07           |
|---------------------------|---|----------|-------------|------|-------------------------------|
| %: 0.0000 <b>-</b> 0.3300 | GS: LT-UNK                              | RC: UNK  | NANO: No    | SUE  | BSTANCE ROLE: Polymer species |

**POLYNOXYLIN** 

HAZARD TYPE AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS

None found No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: The material laminate was supplemented with information from the database of common building materials.

SC:BIO:PLYWOOD %: 1.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes MATERIAL TYPE

MATERIAL TYPE: Wood Dust, Fiber or Chips

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: SpecialConditionApplied:BiologicalMaterial --- This is from the database of common building materials. All entries are generalized.

SC:WOOD ID: SC:Bio

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: Not Screened

%: 95.0000 GS: Not Screened RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler

HAZARD TYPE AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS

Hazard Screening not performed

## SUBSTANCE NOTES:

Version: SCBioMats/2018-02-23
Category: Tree-based materials
Identifier: mixed- unknown sources

This disclosure does not provide information on allergens, hyper-accumulation of metals, production of any toxic substances during normal metabolic activities, pesticides, and other potential hazards or sources of hazards which may be found in certain biological materials.

Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1

"The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD."

This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material.

The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

WOOD ADHESIVE 1 %: 0.0100

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes

MATERIAL TYPE: Polymeric Material

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: This furniture collection can contain one of two wood adhesives or both. The low option they have the maximum percentage of composition by weight of 1.5% for low option and 5% for the high option. In the HPD they are listed as adhesive 1 and adhesive 2. This is a PVA interior wood glue. The database of common building materials was used to supplement the information given by the manufacturer. Citing proprietary information the manufacturer would not disclose the chemical inventory to 100 ppm. The information in the database was used as a supplement and should not be accepted as absolute. Every effort was made to make a complete inventory and screening of all materials.

This finish is above the reportable threshold but it difficult to obtain exact weights for the entire product. It is listed and screened above the threshold but a maximum number is not listed. As the manufacturer, we have used considerable resources to comply with the intent of the HPD by supplying this level of information.

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:41

%: 30.0000 - 39.2300 GS: LT-UNK RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Binder

HAZARD TYPE AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS

None found No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a PVA interior wood glue. The database of common building materials was used to supplement the information given by the manufacturer. Citing proprietary information the manufacturer would not disclose the chemical inventory to 100 ppm. The information in the database was used as a supplement and should not be accepted as absolute. Every effort was made to make a complete inventory and screening of all materials.

WATER

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:42

%: 25.0000 - 40.1000 GS: BM-4 RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Solvent

HAZARD TYPE AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS

None found No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a PVA interior wood glue. The database of common building materials was used to supplement the information given by the manufacturer. Citing proprietary information the manufacturer would not disclose the chemical inventory to 100 ppm. The information in the database was used as a supplement and should not be accepted as absolute. Every effort was made to make a complete inventory and screening of all materials.

**TALC** ID: 14807-96-6 HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:47 %: 6.0000 - 8.7200 GS: BM-1 RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler AGENCY AND LIST TITLES **WARNINGS HAZARD TYPE** CAN MAK Carcinogen Group 3B - Evidence of carcinogenic effects but not sufficient for classification CAN **IARC** Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a PVA interior wood glue. The database of common building materials was used to supplement the information given by the manufacturer. Citing proprietary information the manufacturer would not disclose the chemical inventory to 100 ppm. The information in the database was used as a supplement and should not be accepted as absolute. Every effort was made to make a complete inventory and screening of all materials.

Actinolite, anthophyllite and tremolite may occur in some talc deposits; when asbestiform, they constitute asbestos and, when not asbestiform, they are referred to as mineral fragments or cleavage fragments." and "Minerals commonly found in talc products include chlorite and carbonate. Less commonly, talc products contain tremolite, anthophyllite and serpentine."

IARC Working Group on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risk to Humans. Carbon Black, Titanium Dioxide, and Talc. Lyon (FR): International Agency for Research on Cancer; 2010. (IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, No. 93.) Available from: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK326521/.

#### 2,2,4-TRIMETHYL-1,3-PENTANEDIOL DIISOBUTYRATE

ID: 6846-50-0

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: |      | REENING DATE:     | 2021-07-08 19:56:47         |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| %: 5.0000 - 8.7200       | GS: <b>LT-P1</b>                      | RC: UN                 | IK   | NANO: <b>No</b>   | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Plasticizer |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | ,                      | WARN | IINGS             |                             |
| END                      | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | s Potential            |      | tial Endocrine Di | sruptor                     |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a PVA interior wood glue. The database of common building materials was used to supplement the information given by the manufacturer. Citing proprietary information the manufacturer would not disclose the chemical inventory to 100 ppm. The information in the database was used as a supplement and should not be accepted as absolute. Every effort was made to make a complete inventory and screening of all materials.

#### **DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER**

ID: 34590-94-8

| НА | ZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SCI | REENING DATE: | 2021-07-08 19:56:54                |
|----|------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|---------------|------------------------------------|
| %: | 0.1000 - 0.7000        | GS: LT-UNK                            | RC: UNK    | NANO: No      | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Defoamer           |
| H. | AZARD TYPE             | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WARN       | IINGS         |                                    |
| N  | one found              |                                       |            | No warnings t | found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a PVA interior wood glue. The database of common building materials was used to supplement the information given by the manufacturer. Citing proprietary information the manufacturer would not disclose the chemical inventory to 100 ppm. The information in the database was used as a supplement and should not be accepted as absolute. Every effort was made to make a complete inventory and screening of all materials.

POLYVINYL ALCOHOL ID: 9002-89-5

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:57:02

%: 0.0000 - 1.2200 GS: LT-UNK RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Binder

HAZARD TYPE AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS

None found No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a PVA interior wood glue. The database of common building materials was used to supplement the information given by the manufacturer. Citing proprietary information the manufacturer would not disclose the chemical inventory to 100 ppm. The information in the database was used as a supplement and should not be accepted as absolute. Every effort was made to make a complete inventory and screening of all materials.

ALUMINUM CHLORIDE ID: 7446-70-0

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SO | CREENING DAT                        | TE: 2021-07-08 19:57:08       |  |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| %: 0.0000 - 1.2200       | GS: LT-P1                             | RC: UNK   | NANO: <b>No</b>                     | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Curing agent  |  |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WAR       |                                     |                               |  |
| SKI                      | EU - GHS (H-Statements)               | H314      | - Causes seve                       | ere skin burns and eye damage |  |
| RES                      | AOEC - Asthmagens                     |           | Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced |                               |  |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a PVA interior wood glue. The database of common building materials was used to supplement the information given by the manufacturer. Citing proprietary information the manufacturer would not disclose the chemical inventory to 100 ppm. The information in the database was used as a supplement and should not be accepted as absolute. Every effort was made to make a complete inventory and screening of all materials.

**WOOD ADHESIVE 2** %: 0.0100

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes

MATERIAL TYPE: Polymeric Material

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: This furniture collection can contain one of two wood adhesives or both. The low option they have the maximum percentage of composition by weight of 1.5% for low option and 5% for the high option. In the HPD they are listed as adhesive 1 and adhesive 2. This has one missing ingredient that is at the threshold of 0.01. It is highly proprietary and the company will not disclose. All other ingredients are disclosed. The ingredient is listed as a resin dispersion.

This finish is above the reportable threshold but it difficult to obtain exact weights for the entire product. It is listed and screened above the threshold but a maximum number is not listed. As the manufacturer, we have used considerable resources to comply with the intent of the HPD by supplying this level of information.

| POLYCHLOROPRENE         |   |           |                |                                    |  |  |
|-------------------------|---|-----------|----------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD | : Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SO | CREENING DATE: | 2021-07-08 19:56:41                |  |  |
| %: 30.0000 - 40.0000    | GS: LT-UNK                              | RC: UNK   | NANO: No       | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Adhesive           |  |  |
| HAZARD TYPE             | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                  | WAR       | RNINGS         |                                    |  |  |
| None found              |   |           | No warnings    | found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |  |  |
| SUBSTANCE NOTES:        |   |           |                |                                    |  |  |

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library    | HAZA  | RD SC | REENING DAT     | TE: 2021-07-08 19:56:51              |
|--------------------------|--|---|-------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| %: 1.0000 - 3.0000       | GS: <b>BM-1</b>                          | RC: U   | INK   | NANO: No        | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Accelerate           |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                   |   | WARI  | NINGS           |                                      |
| AQU                      | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                  | H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life                   |       |                 | aquatic life                         |
| AQU                      | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                  | H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting |       |                 | aquatic life with long lasting effec |
| END                      | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors    | rs Potential Endocrine Disruptor                    |       |                 | Disruptor                            |
| RES                      | AOEC - Asthmagens                        |   | Asthn | nagen (Rs) - se | ensitizer-induced                    |
| MUL                      | German FEA - Substances Hazardous Waters | to  | Class | 2 - Hazard to   | Waters                               |
| SUBSTANCE NOTES:         |  |   |       |                 |                                      |

| RESIN ACIDS AND ROSIN ACIDS | ID: 94387-04-                                 |           |                 |                        |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------|-----------------|------------------------|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD:    | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library         | HAZARD SO | REENING DATE    | : 2021-07-08 19:56:54  |
| %: 0.1000 - 5.0000          | GS: LT-P1                                     | RC: UNK   | NANO: No        | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler |
| HAZARD TYPE                 | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                        | WAR       | NINGS           |                        |
| MUL                         | German FEA - Substances Hazardous t<br>Waters | o Class   | 2 - Hazard to W | aters                  |
| SUBSTANCE NOTES:            |   |           |                 |                        |

SUBSTANCE NOTES:

ZINC OXIDE

ID: 1314-13-2

MISC. HARDWARE

%: 0.0100 - 68.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: Hardware is noted for informational purposes only and is covered by the special condition for metal fasteners. Please see the screening notes for more detail.

| IRON, ELEMENTAL          |                                       |          | ID: <b>7439-89-6</b>    |                               |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD S | TE: 2021-07-08 19:56:37 |                               |
| %: 90.0000 - 97.0000     | GS: LT-P1                             | RC: UNK  | NANO: <b>No</b>         | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WA       | RNINGS                  |                               |
| END                      | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Pot      | ential Endocrine        | e Disruptor                   |
|                          |                                       |          |                         |                               |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Residuals and impurities were screened using the Pharos database. None listed. Per the PubChem database: Blast furnace pig iron contains silicon, sulfur, phosphorus, manganese and carbon. All impurities are below the threshold.

**GLASS TINT** %: 0.0100

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes

MATERIAL TYPE: Polymeric Material

MATERIAL TYPE: Metal

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: This finish is above the reportable threshold but it difficult to obtain exact weights for the entire product. It is listed and screened above the threshold but a maximum number is not listed. As the manufacturer, we have used considerable resources to comply with the intent of the HPD by supplying this level of information.

| COBALT                   | ID: <b>7440-48-4</b>                  |          |                  |                         |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD S | CREENING DATE: 2 | 021-07-08 19:56:35      |
| %: 99.0000               | GS: <b>LT-1</b>                       | RC: UNK  | NANO: Unknown    | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Coating |

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                      | WARNINGS   |
|-------------|---|--|
| CAN         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                     | H350 - May cause cancer  |
| CAN         | EU - Annex VI CMRs                          | Carcinogen Category 1B - Presumed Carcinogen based on animal evidence            |
| REP         | EU - Annex VI CMRs                          | Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1B  |
| MUL         | ChemSec - SIN List                          | CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant                             |
| MUL         | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 3 - Severe Hazard to Waters  |
| RES         | AOEC - Asthmagens                           | Asthmagen (G) - generally accepted   |
| CAN         | CA EPA - Prop 65                            | Carcinogen   |
| GEN         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                     | H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects                                      |
| CAN         | IARC  | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans                                       |
| RES         | AOEC - Asthmagens                           | Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced  |
| CAN         | MAK   | Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man                       |
| CAN         | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens              | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen                                    |
| RES         | MAK   | Sensitizing Substance Sah - Danger of airway & skin sensitization                |
| RES         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                     | H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled |
| SKI         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                     | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction                                       |
| GEN         | MAK   | Germ Cell Mutagen 3a   |
| REP         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                     | H360F - May damage fertility   |
| CAN         | GHS - Australia                             | H350i - May cause cancer by inhalation   |
| REP         | GHS - Australia                             | H360F - May damage fertility   |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Co, Se and Ni may be added to impart colour to some tinted glasses. NSG Group declare that Co is never present at greater than 200ppm

NICKEL ID: 7440-02-0

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:35

%: 99.0000 GS: LT-1 RC: UNK NANO: Unknown SUBSTANCE ROLE: Coating

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                      | WARNINGS  |
|-------------|---|---|
| CAN         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                     | H351 - Suspected of causing cancer                                    |
| CAN         | US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens           | Occupational Carcinogen   |
| CAN         | MAK   | Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man              |
| CAN         | IARC  | Group 1 - Agent is Carcinogenic to humans                             |
| CAN         | CA EPA - Prop 65                            | Carcinogen  |
| CAN         | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens              | Known to be a human Carcinogen  |
| CAN         | IARC  | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans                            |
| RES         | AOEC - Asthmagens                           | Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced                                   |
| CAN         | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens              | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen                         |
| MAM         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                     | H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure |
| RES         | MAK   | Sensitizing Substance Sah - Danger of airway & skin sensitization     |
| MUL         | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters  |
| SKI         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                     | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction                            |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Co, Se and Ni may be added to impart colour to some tinted glasses. NSG Group declare that Co is never present at greater than 200ppm

| SELENIUM. ELEMENTAL | ID: 7782-49-2 |
|---------------------|---------------|

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library         | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:36   |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| %: 99.0000               | GS: LT-P1                                     | RC: UNK NANO: Unknown SUBSTANCE ROLE: Coating  |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                        | WARNINGS   |
| CAN                      | MAK   | Carcinogen Group 3B - Evidence of carcinogenic effects but not sufficient for classification |
| PBT                      | OR DEQ - Priority Persistent Pollutants       | Priority Persistent Pollutant - Tier 1   |
| MAM                      | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                       | H301 - Toxic if swallowed  |
| MAM                      | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                       | H331 - Toxic if inhaled  |
| MUL                      | German FEA - Substances Hazardous t<br>Waters | to Class 2 - Hazard to Waters  |
|                          |   |  |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Co, Se and Ni may be added to impart colour to some tinted glasses. NSG Group declare that Co is never present at greater than 200ppm

**UV CURED WOOD FINISH** 

%: 0.0100

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes

MATERIAL TYPE: Polymeric Material

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: The acrylate polymer is proprietary company information and can not be disclosed outside the manufacturer. It is not a hazardous substance as it is not reported on the SDS. The threshold level is 0.01. No substitute or clarification of information could be found in the database of common building materials.

This finish is above the reportable threshold but it difficult to obtain exact weights for the entire product. It is listed and screened above the threshold but a maximum number is not listed. As the manufacturer, we have used considerable resources to comply with the intent of the HPD by supplying this level of information.

#### **BISPHENOL A-EPICHLOROHYDRIN ACRYLATE**

ID: 55818-57-0

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SC | REENING DATE | 2021-07-08 19:56:42                  |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| %: 25.0000 - 50.0000     | GS: <b>BM-1</b>                       | RC: UNK   | NANO: No     | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Film former          |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WAR       | NINGS        |                                      |
| None found               |                                       |           | No warning   | s found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: The residual monomer content of bisphenol-A in the epoxy resin as produced is a maximum of 1,000 ppm. The residual bisphenol-A will be further reacted when the product is used (i.e. when the epoxy resin is cured)." (EU Risk Assessment, 2003)

Epichlorohydrin (ECH), 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, is a raw material used in the production of epoxy resins, synthetic glycerol, elastomers, paper, and pharmaceuticals [1-2]. ECH can enter drinking water supplies by leaching from epoxy resin coatings on pipes or through flocculating agents in water treatment. (Agilent Technologies)

## **DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE**

ID: 57472-68-1

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SO | CREENING DATE   | E: 2021-07-08 19:56:44                |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| %: 10.0000 - 25.0000     | GS: LT-UNK                            | RC: UNK   | NANO: <b>No</b> | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Antioxidant           |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WAF       | RNINGS          |                                       |
| None found               |                                       |           | No warning      | gs found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |
| SUBSTANCE NOTES:         |                                       |           |                 |                                       |

## TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE

ID: 42978-66-5

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD:    | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SC | CREENING DATE: | 2021-07-08 19:56:44         |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| %: <b>10.0000 - 25.0000</b> | GS: <b>LT-P1</b>                      | RC: UNK   | NANO: No       | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Plasticizer |

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                      | WARNINGS  |
|-------------|---|---|
| SKI         | MAK   | Sensitizing Substance Sh - Danger of skin sensitization |
| SKI         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                     | H315 - Causes skin irritation                           |
| EYE         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                     | H319 - Causes serious eye irritation                    |
| AQU         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                     | H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects  |
| MUL         | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters                              |
| SKI         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                     | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction              |
|             |   |   |

EPICHLOROHYDRIN ID: 106-89-8

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:00
%: Impurity/Residual GS: LT-1 RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residual

SUBSTANCE NOTES: No known impurities.

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                        | WARNINGS   |
|-------------|---|--|
| CAN         | US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens             | Occupational Carcinogen  |
| END         | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors         | Potential Endocrine Disruptor  |
| CAN         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                       | H350 - May cause cancer  |
| CAN         | EU - REACH Annex XVII CMRs                    | Carcinogen Category 2 - Substances which should be regarded as if they are Carcinogenic to man |
| CAN         | EU - Annex VI CMRs                            | Carcinogen Category 1B - Presumed Carcinogen based on animal evidence                          |
| SKI         | MAK   | Sensitizing Substance Sh - Danger of skin sensitization  |
| MUL         | ChemSec - SIN List                            | CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant   |
| MUL         | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters   | Class 3 - Severe Hazard to Waters  |
| CAN         | CA EPA - Prop 65                              | Carcinogen   |
| MAM         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                       | H301 - Toxic if swallowed  |
| MAM         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                       | H311 - Toxic in contact with skin  |
| SKI         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                       | H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage   |
| MAM         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                       | H331 - Toxic if inhaled  |
| CAN         | MAK   | Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man                                     |
| CAN         | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens                | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen  |
| CAN         | US EPA - IRIS Carcinogens                     | (1986) Group B2 - Probable human Carcinogen  |
| CAN         | IARC  | Group 2a - Agent is probably Carcinogenic to humans  |
| SKI         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                       | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction   |
| MAM         | US EPA - EPCRA Extremely Hazardous Substances | Extremely Hazardous Substances   |
| REP         | CA EPA - Prop 65                              | Reproductive Toxicity - Male   |
| END         | EU - Priority Endocrine Disruptors            | Category 1 - In vivo evidence of Endocrine Disruption Activity                                 |
| CAN         | GHS - Australia                               | H350 - May cause cancer  |
| GEN         | GHS - New Zealand                             | 6.6A - Known or presumed human mutagens  |
| CAN         | GHS - New Zealand                             | 6.7A - Known or presumed human carcinogens   |
| GEN         | GHS - Australia                               | H340 - May cause genetic defects   |
| CAN         | GHS - Korea                                   | Carcinogenicity - Category 1 [H350 - May cause cancer]   |
| CAN         | GHS - Malaysia                                | H350 - May cause cancer  |
| CAN         | GHS - Japan                                   | Carcinogenicity - Category 1B [H350]   |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Epichlorohydrin (ECH), 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, is a raw material used in the production of epoxy resins, synthetic glycerol, elastomers, paper, and pharmaceuticals [1-2]. ECH can enter drinking water supplies by leaching from epoxy resin coatings on pipes or through flocculating agents in water treatment. (Agilent Technologies)

BISPHENOL A ID: 80-05-7

| %: Impurity/Residual | GS: BM-1 RC: U                                      | JNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residua  |
|----------------------|---|--|
| HAZARD TYPE          | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                              | WARNINGS   |
| END                  | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors               | Potential Endocrine Disruptor  |
| END                  | OSPAR - Priority PBTs & EDs & equivalent concern    | Endocrine Disruptor - Substance of Possible Concern  |
| MUL                  | US EPA - PPT Chemical Action Plans                  | EPA Chemical of Concern - Action Plan published  |
| MUL                  | US EPA - PPT Chemical Action Plans                  | TSCA Work Plan chemical - Action Plan in development   |
| END                  | ChemSec - SIN List                                  | Endocrine Disruption   |
| REP                  | EU - SVHC Authorisation List                        | Toxic to reproduction - Candidate list   |
| REP                  | EU - Annex VI CMRs                                  | Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1B  |
| MUL                  | ChemSec - SIN List                                  | CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant   |
| MUL                  | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters         | Class 3 - Severe Hazard to Waters  |
| DEV                  | CA EPA - Prop 65                                    | Developmental toxicity   |
| DEV                  | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental<br>Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Developmental<br>Toxicity  |
| REP                  | EU - REACH Annex XVII CMRs                          | Toxic to Reproduction Category 2 - Substances which should be regarded as if they impair fertility or cause Developmental Toxicity in humans |
| MUL                  | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters         | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters   |
| SKI                  | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                             | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction   |
| EYE                  | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                             | H318 - Causes serious eye damage   |
| REP                  | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental<br>Monographs | Some Evidence of Adverse Effects - Reproductive Toxicity   |
| SKI                  | MAK   | Sensitizing Substance SP - Danger of photocontact sensitization  |
| REP                  | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                             | H360F - May damage fertility   |
| REP                  | CA EPA - Prop 65                                    | Reproductive Toxicity - Female   |
| END                  | EU - Priority Endocrine Disruptors                  | Category 1 - In vivo evidence of Endocrine Disruption Activity   |
| REP                  | GHS - Japan   | Toxic to reproduction - Category 1B [H360]   |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: The residual monomer content of bisphenol-A in the epoxy resin as produced is a maximum of 1,000 ppm. The residual bisphenol-A will be further reacted when the product is used (i.e. when the epoxy resin is cured)." (EU Risk Assessment, 2003)

BISPHENOL A ID: 80-05-7

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:57:01

%: Impurity/Residual GS: BM-1 RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residual

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                              | WARNINGS   |
|-------------|---|--|
| END         | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors               | Potential Endocrine Disruptor  |
| END         | OSPAR - Priority PBTs & EDs & equivalent concern    | Endocrine Disruptor - Substance of Possible Concern  |
| MUL         | US EPA - PPT Chemical Action Plans                  | EPA Chemical of Concern - Action Plan published  |
| MUL         | US EPA - PPT Chemical Action Plans                  | TSCA Work Plan chemical - Action Plan in development   |
| END         | ChemSec - SIN List                                  | Endocrine Disruption   |
| REP         | EU - SVHC Authorisation List                        | Toxic to reproduction - Candidate list   |
| REP         | EU - Annex VI CMRs                                  | Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1B  |
| MUL         | ChemSec - SIN List                                  | CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant   |
| MUL         | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters         | Class 3 - Severe Hazard to Waters  |
| DEV         | CA EPA - Prop 65                                    | Developmental toxicity   |
| DEV         | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental<br>Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Developmental<br>Toxicity  |
| REP         | EU - REACH Annex XVII CMRs                          | Toxic to Reproduction Category 2 - Substances which should be regarded as if they impair fertility or cause Developmental Toxicity in humans |
| MUL         | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters         | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters   |
| SKI         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                             | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction   |
| EYE         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                             | H318 - Causes serious eye damage   |
| REP         | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental<br>Monographs | Some Evidence of Adverse Effects - Reproductive Toxicity   |
| SKI         | MAK   | Sensitizing Substance SP - Danger of photocontact sensitization  |
| REP         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                             | H360F - May damage fertility   |
| REP         | CA EPA - Prop 65                                    | Reproductive Toxicity - Female   |
| END         | EU - Priority Endocrine Disruptors                  | Category 1 - In vivo evidence of Endocrine Disruption Activity   |
| REP         | GHS - Japan   | Toxic to reproduction - Category 1B [H360]   |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: The residual monomer content of bisphenol-A in the epoxy resin as produced is a maximum of 1,000 ppm. The residual bisphenol-A will be further reacted when the product is used (i.e. when the epoxy resin is cured)." (EU Risk Assessment, 2003)

# **DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL (PRIMARY CASRN IS 25265-71-8)**

ID: 78644-49-2

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library |                        | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:57:02 |          |  |
|--|------------------------|--|----------|--|
| %: Impurity/Residual   | GS: LT-UNK             | RC: UNK                                    | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residual        |
| HAZARD TYPE  | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WA   | RNINGS   |  |
| None found   |                        |  | No warr  | nings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |
|  |                        |  |          |  |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Listed as <1.0% content in BASF MSDS for commercial DGMA (Laromer DPGDA).

HYDROCHLORIC ACID ID: 7647-01-0

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library         | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:57:03         |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| %: Impurity/Residual     | GS: <b>BM-2</b>                               | RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residual |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                        | WARNINGS   |
| SKI                      | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                       | H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage     |
| MAM                      | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                       | H331 - Toxic if inhaled                            |
| RES                      | AOEC - Asthmagens                             | Asthmagen (Rr) - irritant-induced                  |
| МАМ                      | US EPA - EPCRA Extremely Hazardous Substances | s Extremely Hazardous Substances                   |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: "The manufacturing process for pyrogenic silicas is based mainly on the combustion of volatile silanes, especially silicon tetrachloride, in an oxygen-hydrogen burner. Primary particles (7-50 nm particle size) of amorphous silica fuse together in the high-temperature flame to yield stable aggregates of between 100 and 500 nm in diameter. These aggregates form micron-sized agglomerates. The finely divided silica is separated from the hydrochloric acid-containing off-gas stream in filter stations. The hydrochloric acid content of the product is commonly reduced to less than 100 ppm by desorbing the hydrochloric acid with air in a fluid-bed reactor. Pyrogenic silica appears as a fluffy white powder. [IARC. Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man. Geneva: World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer, 1972-PRESENT. (Multivolume work). Available at:http://monographs.iarc.fr/index.php p. V68 56 (1997)]" (HSDB)

SILICON DIOXIDE ID: 7631-86-9

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:57:03           |  |  |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| %: 0.0000 - 10.0000      | GS: <b>BM-1</b>                       | RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Abrasion resistance |  |  |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WARNINGS   |  |  |
| CAN                      | GHS - Australia                       | H350i - May cause cancer by inhalation               |  |  |
| CAN                      | GHS - Japan                           | Carcinogenicity - Category 1A [H350]                 |  |  |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: "The manufacturing process for pyrogenic silicas is based mainly on the combustion of volatile silanes, especially silicon tetrachloride, in an oxygen-hydrogen burner. Primary particles (7-50 nm particle size) of amorphous silica fuse together in the high-temperature flame to yield stable aggregates of between 100 and 500 nm in diameter. These aggregates form micron-sized agglomerates. The finely divided silica is separated from the hydrochloric acid-containing off-gas stream in filter stations. The hydrochloric acid content of the product is commonly reduced to less than 100 ppm by desorbing the hydrochloric acid with air in a fluid-bed reactor. Pyrogenic silica appears as a fluffy white powder. [IARC, Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man. Geneva: World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer, 1972-PRESENT. (Multivolume work). Available

PROTECTION PROPERTY OF THE PRO

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: This option covers all colors and contains alternate materials based on different pigments.

This finish is above the reportable threshold but it difficult to obtain exact weights for the entire product. It is listed and screened above the threshold but a maximum number is not listed. As the manufacturer, we have used considerable resources to comply with the intent of the HPD by supplying this level of information.

1,3-BENZENEDICARBOXYLIC ACID, POLYMER WITH 1,4-BENZENEDICARBOXYLIC ACID, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3-PROPANEDIOL, 1,2-ETHANEDIOL AND HEXANEDIOIC ACID

ID: 40471-09-8

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SC | REENING DATE:   | 2021-07-08 19:56:39                |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| %: 50.0000 - 60.0000     | GS: <b>NoGS</b>                       | RC: UNK   | NANO: <b>No</b> | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Monomer            |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WAR       | NINGS           |                                    |
| None found               |                                       |           | No warnings     | found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |
| SUBSTANCE NOTES:         |                                       |           |                 |                                    |

| TITANIUM DIOXIDE         |                                       | ID: 13463-67-7   |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:42   |
| %: 25.0000 - 50.0000     | GS: <b>LT-1</b>                       | RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Pigment   |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WARNINGS   |
| CAN                      | EU - GHS (H-Statements)               | H351 - Suspected of causing cancer   |
| CAN                      | US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens     | Occupational Carcinogen  |
| CAN                      | CA EPA - Prop 65                      | Carcinogen - specific to chemical form or exposure route   |
| CAN                      | IARC                                  | Group 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans - inhaled from occupational sources                       |
| CAN                      | MAK                                   | Carcinogen Group 3A - Evidence of carcinogenic effects but not sufficient to establish MAK/BAT value |
| END                      | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor  |
| CAN                      | MAK                                   | Carcinogen Group 4 - Non-genotoxic carcinogen with low risk under MAK/BAT levels                     |

| PYROMELLITIC ACID 2-PHENYL-2-IMIDAZOLINE SALT (1:1) |  |          |                     |                         |
|---|--|----------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD                             | : Pharos Chemical and Materials Library  | HAZARD S | CREENING DATE:      | 2021-07-08 19:56:49     |
| %: 2.5000 - 10.0000                                 | GS: LT-P1                                | RC: UNK  | NANO: <b>No</b>     | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Coating |
| HAZARD TYPE   | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                   | WAI      | RNINGS              |                         |
| MUL   | German FEA - Substances Hazardous Waters | to Clas  | ss 2 - Hazard to Wa | aters                   |
| SUBSTANCE NOTES:                                    |  |          |                     |                         |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is not in all color options and therefore the depending on the color choice this substance is a "may contain".

| TRIGLYCIDYL ISOCYANURATE |                                       |           |               |                        | ID: 2451-62-9 |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|------------------------|---------------|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SO | CREENING DATE | E: 2021-07-08 19:56:50 | 1             |
| %: 2.5000 - 10.0000      | GS: LT-1                              | RC: UNK   | NANO: No      | SUBSTANCE ROLE: C      | uring agent   |

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                      | WARNINGS   |
|-------------|---|--|
| MUL         | ChemSec - SIN List                          | CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant                                     |
| MUL         | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 3 - Severe Hazard to Waters  |
| MAM         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                     | H301 - Toxic if swallowed  |
| MAM         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                     | H331 - Toxic if inhaled  |
| RES         | AOEC - Asthmagens                           | Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced  |
| RES         | MAK   | Sensitizing Substance Sah - Danger of airway & skin sensitization                        |
| SKI         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                     | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction   |
| GEN         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                     | H340 - May cause genetic defects   |
| GEN         | EU - REACH Annex XVII CMRs                  | Mutagen Category 2 - Substances which should be regarded as if they are Mutagenic to man |
| GEN         | EU - Annex VI CMRs                          | Mutagen - Category 1B  |
| EYE         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                     | H318 - Causes serious eye damage   |
| GEN         | EU - SVHC Authorisation List                | Mutagenic - Candidate list   |
| GEN         | GHS - Korea                                 | Germ cell mutagenicity - Category 1 [H340 - May cause genetic defects]                   |
| GEN         | GHS - New Zealand                           | 6.6A - Known or presumed human mutagens  |
| GEN         | GHS - Japan                                 | Germ cell mutagenicity - Category 1B [H340]  |
|             |   |  |

SUBSTANCE NOTES:

| BARIUM SULFATE           |  |           |                 | ID: <b>7727-</b>        |
|--------------------------|--|-----------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library  | HAZARD SC | REENING DATE:   | 2021-07-08 19:56:49     |
| %: 2.5000 - 10.0000      | GS: <b>BM-2</b>  | RC: UNK   | NANO: <b>No</b> | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Pigment |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES   | WAR       | NINGS           |                         |
| CAN                      | Carcinogen Group 4 - Non-genotoxic carcinogen with low risk under MAK/BAT levels |           |                 |                         |

| ALUMINUM OXIDE           |                                       |           |                                     | ID: 1344-28              |  |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SC | REENING DATE:                       | 2021-07-08 19:56:54      |  |
| %: 0.1000 - 2.5000       | GS: <b>BM-2</b>                       | RC: UNK   | NANO: <b>No</b>                     | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Abrasive |  |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WAR       | NINGS                               |                          |  |
| RES                      | AOEC - Asthmagens                     |           | Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced |                          |  |
| SUBSTANCE NOTES:         |                                       |           |                                     |                          |  |

QUARTZ ID: 14808-60-7

| HAZADD CODEENING METHOD. | Dhawaa Ohamiaal and Mataviala Library | 11AZADD CODEFNINO DATE. 0004 07 00 40-50-55                                   |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:56:55                                    |
| %: 0.1000 - 1.0000       | GS: <b>LT-1</b>                       | RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Abrasion resistance                          |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WARNINGS  |
| CAN                      | US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens     | Occupational Carcinogen   |
| CAN                      | CA EPA - Prop 65                      | Carcinogen - specific to chemical form or exposure route                      |
| CAN                      | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens        | Known to be Human Carcinogen (respirable size - occupational setting)         |
| CAN                      | MAK                                   | Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man                      |
| CAN                      | IARC                                  | Group 1 - Agent is carcinogenic to humans - inhaled from occupational sources |
| CAN                      | IARC                                  | Group 1 - Agent is Carcinogenic to humans                                     |
| CAN                      | GHS - Australia                       | H350i - May cause cancer by inhalation  |
| CAN                      | GHS - New Zealand                     | 6.7A - Known or presumed human carcinogens                                    |
| CAN                      | GHS - Japan                           | Carcinogenicity - Category 1A [H350]  |
|                          |                                       |   |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is not in all color options therefore it is a "may contain" depending on the color choice.

## **ALUMINUM HYDROXIDE, DRIED**

ID: 21645-51-2

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SCI | REENING DATE:   | 2021-07-08 19:55:51              |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| %: 0.0000 - 2.5000       | GS: <b>BM-2</b>                       | RC: UNK    | NANO: <b>No</b> | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler           |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WARI       |                 |                                  |
| None found               |                                       |            | No warnings     | found on HPD Priority Hazard Lis |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is not in all color options therefore it is a "may contain" depending on the color choice.

KAOLIN

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-07-08 19:57:00

%: 0.0000 - 2.5000 GS: LT-UNK RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler

HAZARD TYPE AGENCY AND LIST TITLES WARNINGS

CAN MAK Carcinogen Group 3B - Evidence of carcinogenic effects

ADHESIVE 3 %: 0.0100 but not sufficient for classification

PRODESTANHERESIONES: BAS expin SDS this is a list and so in the same of the sa

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: This finish is above the reportable threshold but it difficult to obtain exact weights for the entire product. It is listed and screened above the threshold but a maximum number is not listed. As the manufacturer, we have used considerable resources to comply with the intent of the HPD by supplying this level of information.

| SILICON, ELEMENTAL       |                                       |           |               | ID: 7440-21-3                     |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SC | REENING DATE: | 2021-07-08 19:56:38               |
| %: 90.0000               | GS: LT-UNK                            | RC: UNK   | NANO: No      | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Monomer           |
| HAZARD TYPE              | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                | WARN      | IINGS         |                                   |
| None found               |                                       |           | No warnings f | ound on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD."

This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material.

The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

## OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE

ID: 556-67-2

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: | Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SCF | REENING DATE: | 2021-07-08 19:56:53     |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| %: 1.0000                | GS: <b>BM-1</b>                       | RC: UNK    | NANO: No      | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Monomer |

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES                      | WARNINGS   |
|-------------|---|--|
| END         | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors       | Potential Endocrine Disruptor  |
| MUL         | US EPA - PPT Chemical Action Plans          | TSCA Work Plan chemical - Action Plan in development   |
| END         | ChemSec - SIN List                          | Endocrine Disruption   |
| РВТ         | EU - ESIS PBT                               | Under PBT evaluation   |
| РВТ         | OR DEQ - Priority Persistent Pollutants     | Priority Persistent Pollutant - Tier 1   |
| REP         | EU - GHS (H-Statements)                     | H361f - Suspected of damaging fertility  |
| MUL         | US EPA - PPT Chemical Action Plans          | TSCA Work Plan chemical - ongoing chemical (risk) assessment   |
| РВТ         | EC - CEPA DSL                               | Persistent, Bioaccumulative and inherently Toxic (PBiTE) to the Environment (based on aquatic organisms) |
| РВТ         | EC - CEPA DSL                               | Persistent, Bioaccumulative and inherently Toxic (PBiTH) to humans                                       |
| MUL         | ChemSec - SIN List                          | CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant   |
| MUL         | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 3 - Severe Hazard to Waters  |
| END         | EU - Priority Endocrine Disruptors          | Category 1 - In vivo evidence of Endocrine Disruption Activity   |
| PBT         | EU - SVHC Authorisation List                | PBT - Candidate list   |
| РВТ         | EU - SVHC Authorisation List                | vPvB - Candidate list  |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD."

This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material.

The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

| METHYLSILANETRIOL TRIACETATE ID:                               |                        |           |                |                                    |  |
|--|------------------------|-----------|----------------|------------------------------------|--|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library |                        | HAZARD SO | CREENING DATE: | 2021-07-08 19:56:52                |  |
| %: 1.0000  | GS: LT-UNK             | RC: UNK   | NANO: No       | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Monomer            |  |
| HAZARD TYPE  | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WAR       | NINGS          |                                    |  |
| None found   |                        |           | No warnings    | found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |  |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD."

This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material.

The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.



## **Section 3: Certifications and Compliance**

This section lists applicable certification and standards compliance information for VOC emissions and VOC content. Other types of health or environmental performance testing or certifications completed for the product may be provided.

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#### **VOC EMISSIONS**

#### SCS Indoor Advantage Gold - Classroom & Office scenario

12-17

CERTIFIER OR LAB: SCS Global

ISSUE DATE: 2021-12- EXPIRY DATE: 2022-

**CERTIFYING PARTY: Third Party** 

APPLICABLE FACILITIES: Systems and tables: Systems:

Belay, Fade, Gradient, Mix, Olli, Simple Beam, Swing,

Swing Bar, Swing High, Swing Jr, Swing Low;

Conferencing: Baby Beluga, Beluga, BYOT, Cape,

Gradient Conference Tables, Serif, Sevens; Systems

Accessories: 101, Bag Hook, Crostini, Crouton, End of Run Panels and Shelving, Felt Cable Manager, Gradient

Storage, Hanging Whiteboard, Hanging Woodboard, Olli

Coat Rack, Mix Divider Screen, Nest, Nest Screen, Olli

Butterfly Screen, Olli Cushion, Olli Plug, Olli Frame, Olli

Meeting Table, Oscar, Planter Hook, Saltine, Stackable

Caddy, Stackable Planter, Stackable Storage, Stash,

Swing Beam Mounted Screen, Swing Modesty,

Swing/Olli/ BYOT Power Sleeve, Toast, Tuck, Wally

**CERTIFICATE URL:** 

CERTIFICATION AND COMPLIANCE NOTES: #SCS-IAQ-05854



## Section 4: Accessories

This section lists related products or materials that the manufacturer requires or recommends for installation (such as adhesives or fasteners), maintenance, cleaning, or operations. For information relating to the contents of these related products, refer to their applicable Health Product Declarations, if available.

#### **ACCESSORIES: FABRIC**

HPD URL: https://builder.hpd-

collaborative.org/actions/builder/record/7013/download

CONDITION WHEN RECOMMENDED OR REQUIRED AND/OR OTHER NOTES:

Pair Product lines are completely customizable. Accessories shall be chosen by the designer to obtain the look or function desired by the client.



## Section 5: General Notes

Our Conferencing solutions come in a wide range of options. To cover that full range we have created a low and high option and all configurations are included in that range. The product category is defined as Conferencing including Cape, BYOT & BYOT Trapezoid, Beluga & Baby Beluga, Serif and Sevens. This HPD covers all products in those lines. The "low" option is 36" Seven Round Table with Wood Top and Metal Legs. . For the "high" option we used 240"W x 72"D BYOT Fin Table, w/ Glass Top, Wood Subtop and Metal Legs.

All other configurations are within this range.

Residuals and impurities are considered in accordance with the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1

"The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as the threshold applied to intentionally added substances, in terms of level, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities present below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data as declared in the common product database or in peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested therefore residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building

material.

The main databases used for researching potential residuals and impurities are Pharos and PubChem (formerly toxnet). Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD, otherwise, if none are listed then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

SPECIAL CONDITION: Minor Fasteners

Version: SCMinorFasteners/2020-07-16

All hardware for this system not reported is in alignment with HPDC Special Conditions- Minor Fasteners. The total weight of all metal fasteners is

Meet - Cape

<5% of the total weight of the system. Any fasteners reported above that threshold are listed on the HPD. The total combined weight of the commodity fasteners is between 1% and 2%. All minor fasteners fit within the specific guidelines as outlined in the HPD Guide for Special Conditions They are purchased from a third party, made to a generic specification, e.g. ASTM, and not made to order for the specific manufacturer.

SPECIAL CONDITION: Electronics Version: SCElec/2018-02-23

Electronics are also covered by a special condition and reported as such. All electrical components are EU RoHS compliant without exemptions. Electronics comprising 10% or less of the product by weight are included in this Special Condition; if electronics comprise greater than 10% of the product by weight, they must be inventoried separately. The electronic components must be fully enclosed and sealed, there can be no possible exposure to the components during the use phase, and there must be a guaranteed take-back program. All electrical components covered by this HPD are <3% by weight.

Disclaimer - Every effort has been made to report the substances in this product by the manufacturer to the listed threshold. This is a voluntary, self-reported effort. Any errors or omissions shall be considered human error and therefore reported to the manufacturer. The manufacturer shall not be liable for omissions.

#### MANUFACTURER INFORMATION

MANUFACTURER: Pair
ADDRESS: 500 Davis Street

San Francisco CA 94111, United States

WEBSITE: http://madebypair.com

CONTACT NAME: Astor Ng
TITLE: Project Manager
PHONE: 415.747.7300

EMAIL: astor@madebypair.com

The listed contact is responsible for the validity of this HPD and attests that it is accurate and complete to the best of his or her knowledge.

#### **KEY**

**Hazard Types** 

**AQU** Aquatic toxicity

**CAN** Cancer

**DEV** Developmental toxicity

**END** Endocrine activity

EYE Eye irritation/corrosivity

**GEN** Gene mutation

**GLO** Global warming

LAN Land toxicity

MAM Mammalian/systemic/organ toxicity

**MUL** Multiple

**NEU** Neurotoxicity

NF Not found on Priority Hazard Lists

**OZO** Ozone depletion

PBT Persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic

PHY Physical hazard (flammable or reactive)

**REP** Reproductive

**RES** Respiratory sensitization

SKI Skin sensitization/irritation/corrosivity

**UNK** Unknown

#### GreenScreen (GS)

BM-4 Benchmark 4 (prefer-safer chemical)

BM-3 Benchmark 3 (use but still opportunity for improvement)

BM-2 Benchmark 2 (use but search for safer substitutes)

BM-1 Benchmark 1 (avoid - chemical of high concern)

BM-U Benchmark Unspecified (due to insufficient data)

LT-P1 List Translator Possible 1 (Possible Benchmark-1)

LT-1 List Translator 1 (Likely Benchmark-1)

LT-UNK List Translator Benchmark Unknown (the chemical is present on at least one GreenScreen Specified List, but the

information contained within the list did not result in a clear mapping

to a LT-1 or LTP1 score.)
NoGS No GreenScreen.

#### **Recycled Types**

PreC Pre-consumer recycled content

PostC Post-consumer recycled content

UNK Inclusion of recycled content is unknown

None Does not include recycled content

#### Other Terms:

GHS SDS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals Safety Data Sheet

#### **Inventory Methods:**

Nested Method / Material Threshold Substances listed within each material per threshold indicated per material Nested Method / Product Threshold Substances listed within each material per threshold indicated per product Basic Method / Product Threshold Substances listed individually per threshold indicated per product

Nano Composed of nano scale particles or nanotechnology

Third Party Verified Verification by independent certifier approved by HPDC

Preparer Third party preparer, if not self-prepared by manufacturer

Applicable facilities Manufacturing sites to which testing applies

The Health Product Declaration (HPD) Open Standard provides for the disclosure of product contents and potential associated human and environmental health hazards. Hazard associations are based on the HPD Priority Hazard Lists, the GreenScreen List Translator™, and when available, full GreenScreen® assessments. The HPD Open Standard v2.1 is not:

- a method for the assessment of exposure or risk associated with product handling or use,
- a method for assessing potential health impacts of: (i) substances used or created during the manufacturing process or (ii) substances created after the product is delivered for end use.

Information about life cycle, exposure and/or risk assessments performed on the product may be reported by the manufacturer in appropriate Notes sections, and/or, where applicable, in the Certifications section.

The HPD Open Standard was created and is supported by the Health Product Declaration Collaborative (the HPD Collaborative), a customer-led organization composed of stakeholders throughout the building industry that is committed to the continuous improvement of building products through transparency, openness, and innovation throughout the product supply chain.

The product manufacturer and any applicable independent verifier are solely responsible for the accuracy of statements and claims made in this HPD and for compliance with the HPD standard noted.